



March 2017

Forward-Looking Statements

All statements in this presentation other than statements of historical fact, are forward-looking statements, which are subject to a number of risks, uncertainties, and assumptions that are difficult to predict and are based upon assumptions as to future events that may not prove accurate. These factors include TGS' reliance on a cyclical industry and principal customers, TGS' ability to continue to expand markets for licensing of data, and TGS' ability to acquire and process data products at costs commensurate with profitability. Actual results may differ materially from those expected or projected in the forward-looking statements. TGS undertakes no responsibility or obligation to update or alter forward-looking statements for any reason.

This is TGS

The worlds largest geoscience data company, known for its asset light – multi-client business model

Global multi-client data library covering frontier & mature basins

Main offices: Oslo and Houston

Regional offices: London, Perth, Calgary, Singapore, Mexico City and Rio de Janeiro

~600 employees

Traded on Oslo Stock Exchange, part of OBX Index (25 most liquid shares at the OSE)

Market Cap: ~\$2.5 billion

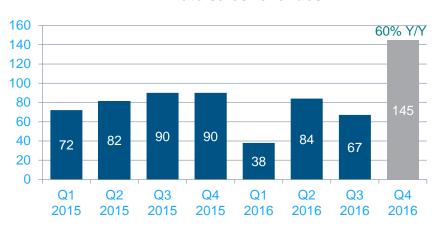


Leading global provider of multi-client seismic and geoscience data

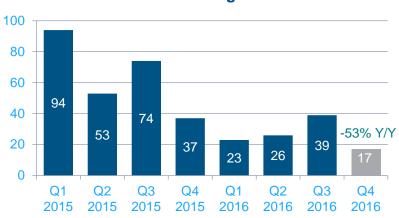


Q4 2016 Net Revenues

Late sales revenues



Prefunding revenues



Proprietary revenues



Total revenues



Project activity – U.S. GOM

Revolution XII / XIII

- ~7,150 km² (306 OCS blocks) multi-client full-azimuth survey in collaboration with Schlumberger in Green Canyon, Atwater Valley and Ewing Bank areas
- Survey utilizes WesternGeco's proprietary Q-Marine* pointreceiver marine seismic system combined with proprietary multivessel, Dual Coil Shooting acquisition technique

Fusion M-WAZ reimaging program

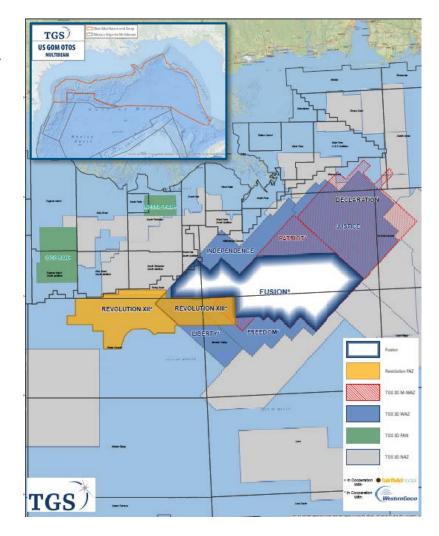
- M-WAZ reimaging program in collaboration with Schlumberger in Mississippi Canyon, Atwater Valley and Ewing bank areas
- ~23,000 km² (1,000 OCS blocks) from 3D WAZ programs previously acquired from 2008 to 2012

Otos multibeam and seep study

- ~289,000 km² multibeam and 250 cores with advanced geochemistry analysis covering U.S GOM
- Designed to mirror the successful Gigante multibeam and seep study in the Mexican GOM

Well positioned for future GOM licensing rounds

- Core TGS areas continue to see the highest activity level and benefit from significant lease turnover over the coming years
- Two licensing rounds per year from 2017





Project activity – Atlantic Margin

AM17 Atlantic Margin 3D

- 40,000 km² project in the central-southern Norwegian Sea – largest 3D survey carried out by any company in Northern Europe
- Covers largely open blocks in a relatively underexplored area with limited drilling to date
- Several blocks expected to be included in the 24th licensing round in Norway
- Acquisition in 2017 and 2018

North West African Atlantic Margin NWAAM 2017

- Over 11,500 km of multi-client 2D seismic in partnership with PGS completed in Q1 2017
- Designed to infill, extend and complement the TGS NWAAM 2012 2D survey which helped with recent commercial discoveries in the MSGBC basin
- Confirms TGS commitment to the leading frontier basin in Africa, where TGS now has approximately 40,000 km of 2D data and 8,000 km² of 3D data





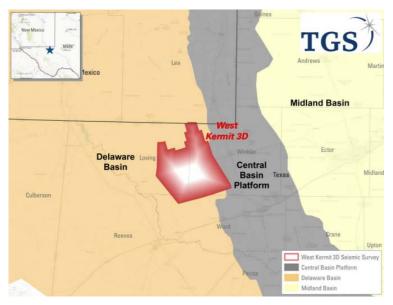
Project activity – Permian Basin

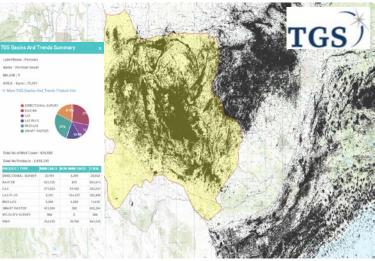
West Kermit 3D Onshore

- TGS' first survey in the prolific Permian Basin
- 355 km² of high-resolution data in Loving and Winkler counties, TX, in the Delaware basin
- Designed to assist in the evaluation and development of multiple zone potential including highly productive Wolfcamp and Bone Spring intervals
- Acquisition in Q2 and Q3 2017 data available in Q4

Permian Well Database

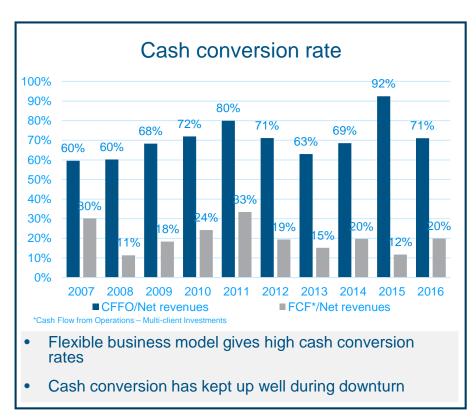
- Substantial completion of comprehensive Permian well database announced to customers in Q1 2017
- Data from over 430,000 wells (including validated well headers and digital LAS) and multiple interpretive products
- TGS data will allow operators to better assess the positions available in the basin, prepare for A&D activity, and ensure the safe, reliable, and optimal production of their acreage positions

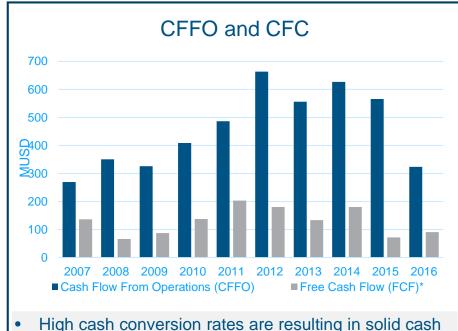






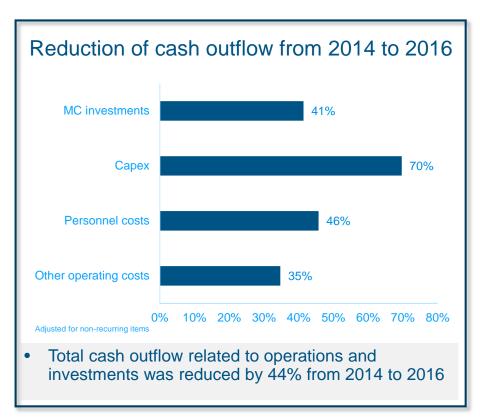
Maintaining Robust Cash Flow Through the Downturn

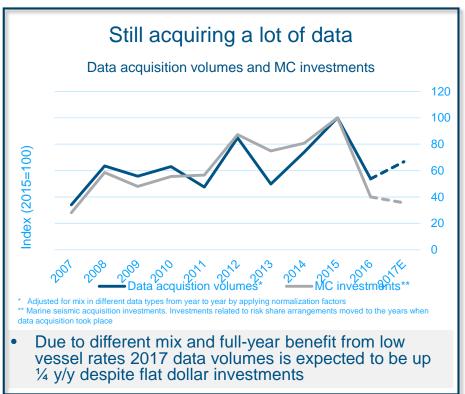




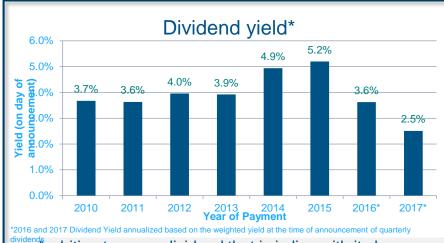
 High cash conversion rates are resulting in solid cash flows despite net revenues halving from peak

Flexible Business Model Provides Downside Protection

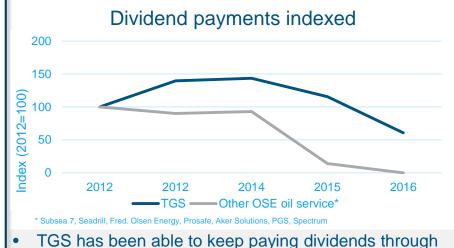




Solid Cash Flow Supporting Dividends

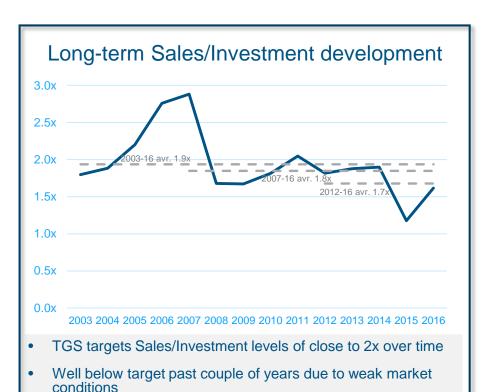


- Ambition to pay a dividend that is in line with its longterm underlying cash flow.
- Quarterly dividend payments
 - Aim to keep a stable quarterly dividend through the year
 - Actual quarterly dividend level paid will be subject to continuous evaluation of market outlook, cash flow expectations and balance sheet development



- the down cycle
- Many other oil service companies have had to terminate dividend payments
- TGS was the only oil service company at OSE that paid dividends in 2016

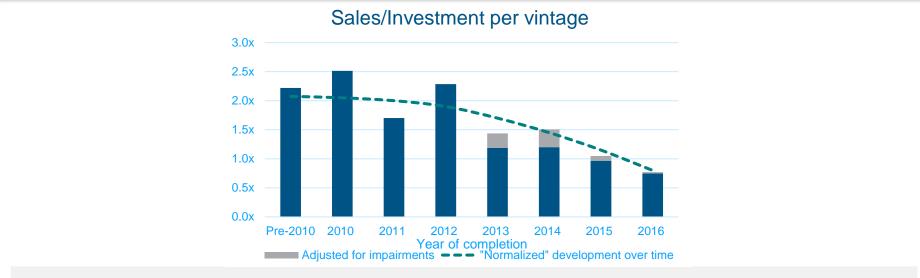
Strong Multi-client Performance over Time





 TGS has consistently been among the top performers of the multi-client industry

Sales/Investment Development according to Plan



- Due to the downturn it is anticipated that recent vintages need more time to fulfill return potential than originally expected
- As there is lower likelihood of being overshot in the current weak market, it is fair to assume that the commercial life of certain surveys will be longer than in a normal market
- Overall, sales/investment development is not far from normal expectations, despite weak market conditions



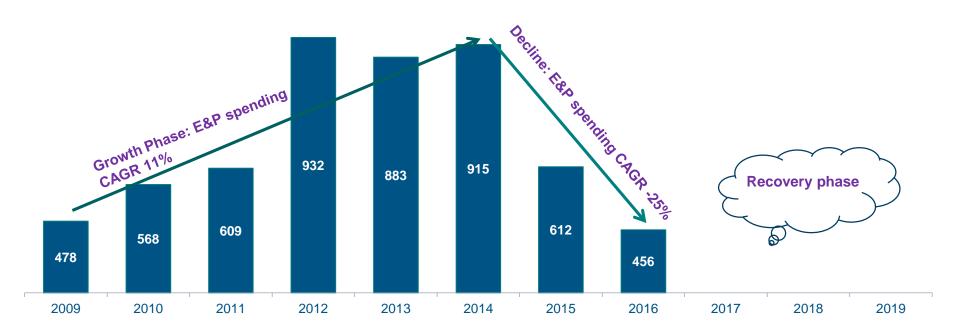
Different Cycles – Different Priorities

Strategic Priorities

Growth and market share

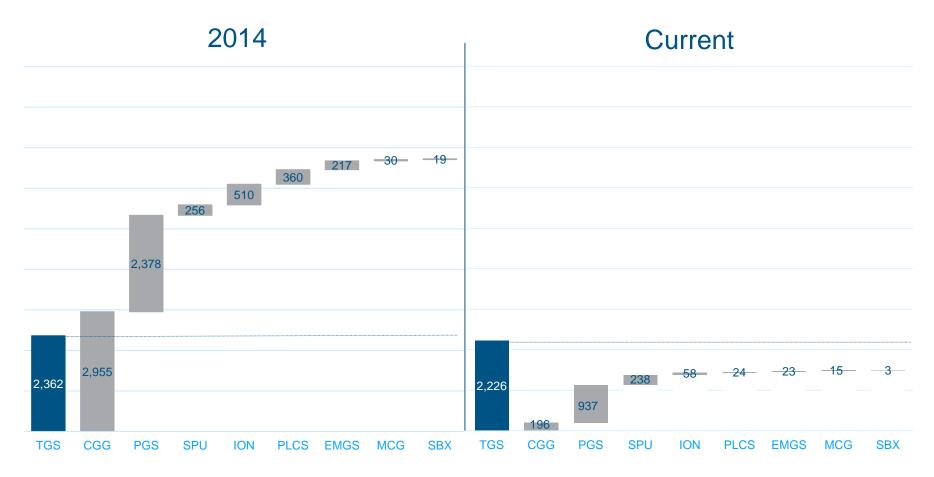
Cash flow and risk mitigation

Capital efficiency and profitable growth



Sources: Barclays; TGS

Strategy Pays Off - Market Cap Peak vs. Current



Sources: S&P Capital IQ, Oslo Børs

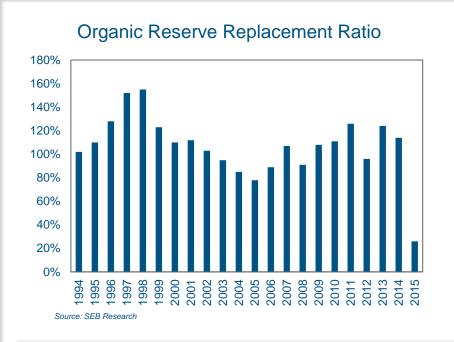
TGS has once again proven its resilient business model

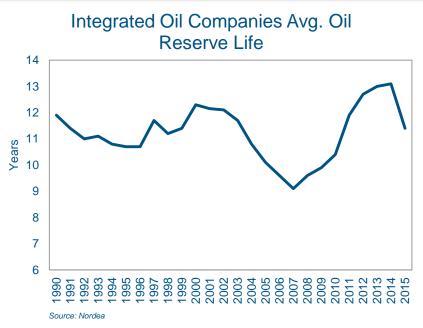
Exploration Spending Likely to Recover Long-term

Two factors point to increased activity in the longer-term

- 1. Current exploration efforts are unsustainable
- 2. Cost levels should eventually come down to levels that justify higher spending at current oil prices

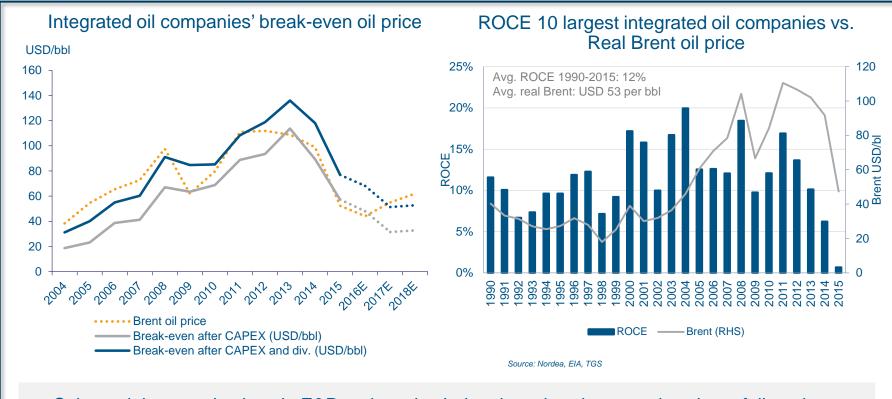
1. Current Exploration Efforts are Unsustainable





- Substantial reduction in oil companies' exploration spending Seismic spending down more than 60% since peak in 2013
- This has resulted in historically low exploration success
 - Only 2.7bn barrels of new conventional oil supply was discovered in 2015, the lowest since 1947 (Wood Mackenzie)
 - Global reserve replacement ratio well below 1 in 2015-16

2. Costs are Coming Down



- Substantial cost reductions in E&P and service industries break-even prices have fallen almost 50% from peak
- Historically the largest oil companies have been able to produce decent return on capital at real oil
 prices of around USD 50 per barrel

TGS MC Library – Managing Risk & Return

Low beta



- Lower returns but high IRR
- Prefunding in excess of 70% low or no net investment
- Project characteristics
 - Awarded acreage
 - Onshore areas
 - Farm-ins / relinquishments
 - Low downside risk

Medium beta



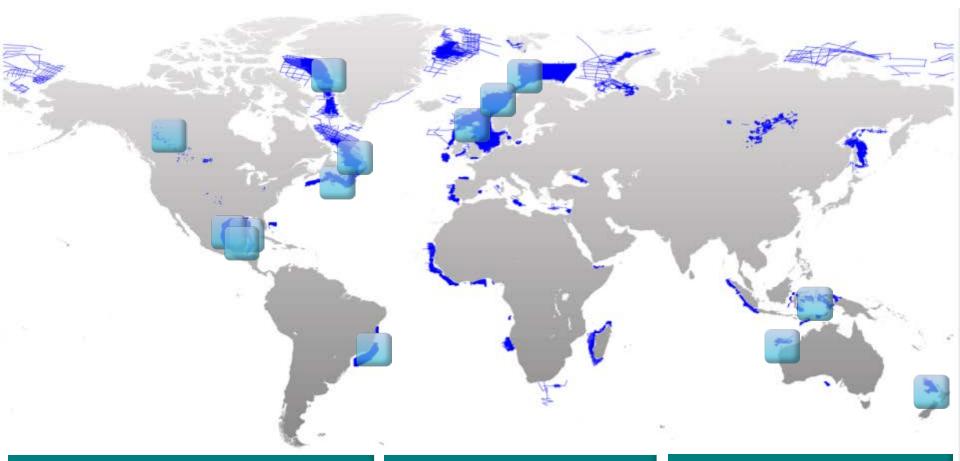
- Return targets >2x investment
- Prefunding of 30-50%
- Open acreage and regular license rounds
- Established multi-client areas
- Many clients

High Beta



- Return targets >2.5x investment
- Low or no prefunding
- Risk sharing with suppliers
- G&G knowledge driven projects
- Higher risk and volatility

License Round Activity and TGS Positioning



North & South America

- Central GOM Mar 2017 (2012-17 Plan)
- Central & Western GOM Aug 2017 (2017-22 Plan)
- Newfoundland & Labrador Nov 2017 (Scheduled Land Tenure)
- Nova Scotia Oct 2017 (3-Year Rolling Plan)
- Canada Onshore at least monthly
- Brazil 14th Offshore and Pre-Salt Rounds in 2017
- Mexico Round 2.1 & 2.2 in H1 2017, further rounds into 2019

Africa, Middle East, Asia Pacific

- Ongoing uncertainty on timing of African licensing rounds
- Australia Feb & Mar 2017 (bids due)
- New Zealand 2017 (consultation underway)
- Indonesia H2 2017 (Round announcements)

Europe / Russia

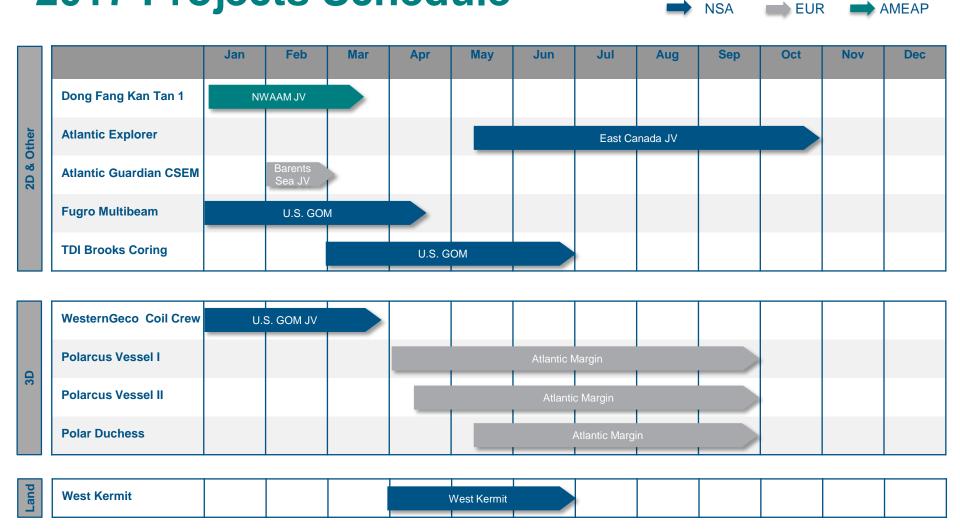
- Norway APA H1 2017 (Round Launch)
- Norway 24th Round H1 2017 (Round Launch)
- UK Supplementary Round 7 Mar 2017 (bids due)
- Greenland Dec 2017 & 2018 (bids due)

Backlog

Historical Backlog (MUSD) 2012 - 2016



2017 Projects Schedule*

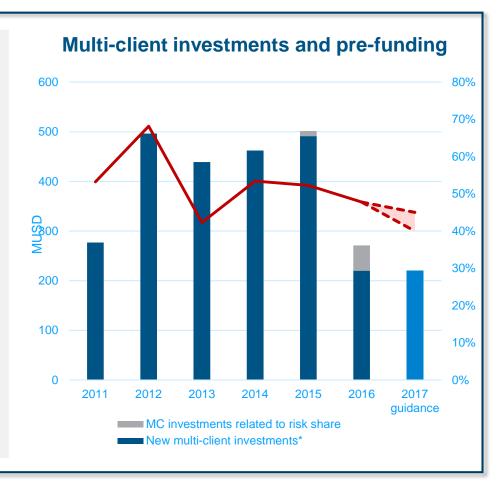


^{*}Acquisition schedule excludes Fusion M-WAZ Reprocessing, other processing projects and GPS investments

Guidance

- Based on the current investment plan, TGS provides the following guidance for 2017:
 - New multi-client investments* at approximately the same level as in 2016
 - Additional multi-client investments expected from sales of existing surveys with risk sharing arrangements
 - Pre-funding of new multi-client investments* expected to be approximately 40-45%

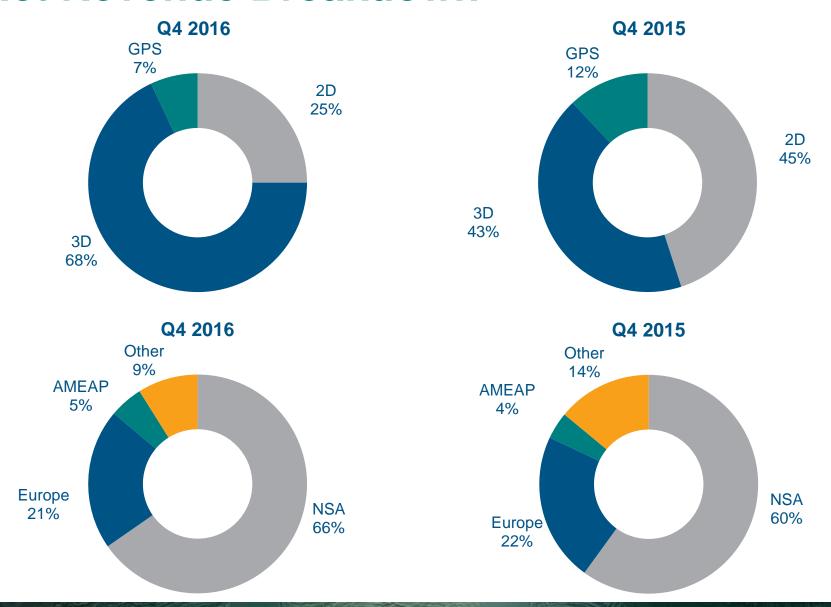
*New multi-client investments excluding investments related to surveys with risk sharing arrangements



Thank you



Net Revenue Breakdown



Operating Expenses, EBIT, Free Cash Flow

Operating expenses *



^{*} Include personnel costs and other operating expenses. Adjusted for restructuring costs and larger impairments of operating items

EBIT*

50 40% 40 20% 30 46 20 38 37 31 24 0% 10 0 -10 -19 -20% -20 -30 -40% **Q1** Ω2 0304 **Q1** 02 Q3 Ω4 2015 2015 2015 2016 2016 2016 2016

* EBIT —— EBIT Margin

* Earnings before interest and taxes and excluding larger impairments and restructuring costs

Amortization and impairment *



* Q1-Q4 2016 reflects the new amortization policy effective from 1 January 2016

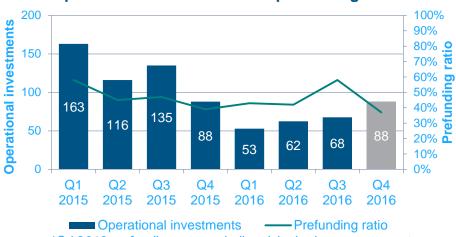
Free cash flow *



* Defined as cash flow from operational activities minus operational cash investments in multi-client projects

Multi-Client Library

Operational investments and prefunding ratio



*Q4 2016 prefunding rate excluding risk-sharing arrangements

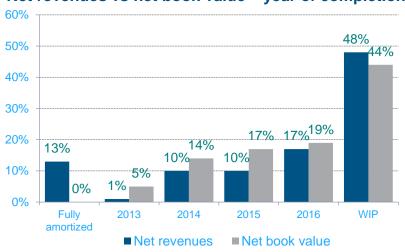
Investments - year of completion



Multi-client library - NBV



Net revenues vs net book value – year of completion



Q4 2016 Income Statement

Q4 2016	Q4 2015	Change in %
165	132	25%
0.1	0.4	-77%
92	230	-60%
72	-99	173%
16	15	5%
11	22	-49%
0.1	0.2	-45%
3	3	-8%
42	-140	130%
-3	-2	-96%
39	-142	127%
15	-20	174%
24	-122	120%
0.24	-1.20	120%
0.23	-1.19	120%
	165 0.1 92 72 16 11 0.1 3 42 -3 39 15 24 0.24	165 132 0.1 0.4 92 230 72 -99 16 15 11 22 0.1 0.2 3 3 42 -140 -3 -2 39 -142 15 -20 24 -122 0.24 -1.20

Q4 2016 Cash Flow Statement

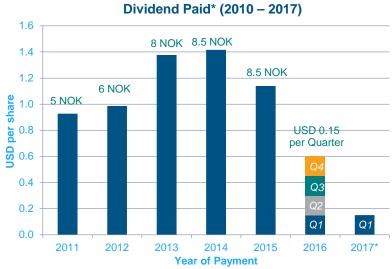
USD million	Q4 2016	Q4 2015	Change in %
Received payments from customers	111	140	-21%
Payments for operational expenses	(27)	(24)	-15%
Paid taxes	(5)	(17)	72%
Operational cash flow	79	99	-21%
Investments in tangible and intangible assets	(2)	(1)	-105%
Investments in multi-client library	(45)	(119)	62%
Investments through mergers and acquisitions	-	(8)	100%
Interest received	0.2	8.0	-75%
Interest paid	(0.05)	(0.09)	46%
Dividend payments	(14)	-	N/A
Proceeds from share issuances	-	0.8	-100%
Change in cash balance	18	-27	165%

Balance Sheet

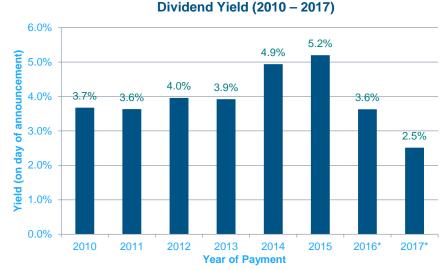
USD million	Q4 2016	Q3 2016	Change in %	Q4 2015
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	191	173	10%	163
Other current assets	353	275	28%	308
Total current assets	544	449	21%	471
Intangible assets and deferred tax asset	83	88	-6%	90
Other non-current assets	11	21	-49%	25
Multi-client library	812	816	0%	839
Fixed assets	23	23	-2%	30
Total Assets	1,473	1,397	5%	1,455
Liabilities				
Current liabilities	262	198	32%	218
Non-current liabilities	6	7	-13%	6
Deferred tax liability	41	37	12%	33
Total Liabilities	309	242	28%	257
Equity	1,164	1,155	1%	1,198
Total Liabilities and Equity	1,473	1,397	5%	1,455

The Company holds no interest-bearing debt

Dividend stable at USD 0.15 per share



*Quarterly Dividends, defined in USD from 2016 Historical NOK dividends converted to USD using FX rate on ex-dividend date



*2016 and 2017 Dividend Yield annualized based on the weighted yield at the time of announcement of quarterly dividends

- Shareholder authorization to distribute quarterly dividend payments from Q1 2016
 - Aim to keep a stable quarterly dividend through the year
 - Actual quarterly dividend level paid will be subject to continuous evaluation of market outlook, cash flow expectations and balance sheet development
- Q1 2016: USD 0.15 per share dividend paid on 23 February 2016
- Q2 2016: USD 0.15 per share dividend paid on 1 June 2016
- Q3 2016: USD 0.15 per share dividend paid on 25 August 2016
- Q4 2016: USD 0.15 per share dividend paid on 18 November 2016
- Q1 2017: USD 0.15 per share dividend to be paid on 23 February 2017 (shares will trade exdividend on 9 February 2017)